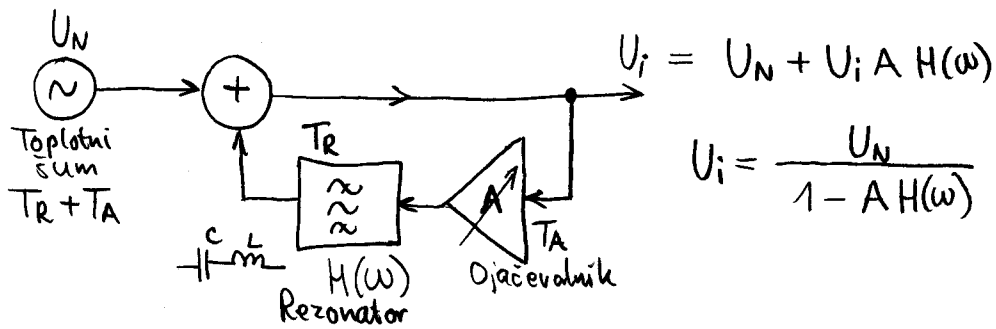


Fazni šum visokofrekvenčnega oscilatorja



Ustaljeno nihanje oscilatorja @ $\omega_0 \rightarrow A$ nastavljen za $A H(\omega_0) = 1$

$$A H(\omega) = \frac{\Sigma R}{\Sigma R + j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}}$$

$\omega = \omega_0 + \Delta\omega$ (majhen odklik $\Delta\omega \ll \omega_0$)

$$j\omega L = j\omega_0 L + j\Delta\omega L$$

$$A H(\omega) \approx \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2j\Delta\omega L}{\Sigma R}}$$

$$\frac{1}{j\omega C} = \frac{1}{j\omega_0(1 + \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0})C} \approx \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C} \left(1 - \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0}\right)$$

$$j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C} \approx j\Delta\omega L - \frac{1}{j\omega_0 C} \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0} = 2j\Delta\omega L$$

$$A H(\omega) \approx \frac{1}{1 + 2jQ_L \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0}}$$

$$\frac{2j\Delta\omega L}{\Sigma R} = 2j \frac{\omega_0 L}{\Sigma R} \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0} = 2j Q_L \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0}$$

$$U_i = \frac{U_N}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + 2jQ_L \frac{\Delta\omega}{\omega_0}}} = U_N \left(1 + \frac{1}{2jQ_L} \frac{\omega_0}{\Delta\omega}\right)$$

$$P = \alpha |U|^2$$

obremenjeni Q

$$P_i = P_N \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{2Q_L} \cdot \frac{\omega_0}{\Delta\omega}\right)^2\right] = P_N \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{2Q_L} \cdot \frac{f_0}{\Delta f}\right)^2\right]$$

$$P_N = B k_B (T_R + T_A) = B k_B T_0 F \left(1 + \frac{f_c}{\Delta f}\right)$$

Šum $1/f$:

BJT, HBT $\rightarrow f_c = 1\text{kHz} - 10\text{kHz}$

GaAsFET, HEMT $\rightarrow f_c = 1\text{MHz} - 10\text{MHz}$

$$L(\Delta f) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{P_i}{P_0 B} = \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \left(\frac{f_0}{2Q_L \Delta f}\right)^2\right] \frac{k_B T_0 F}{P_0} \left(1 + \frac{f_c}{\Delta f}\right)$$

[1/Hz] SPEKTRALNA GOSTOTA FAZNEGA ŠUMA

brez amplitudnega šuma

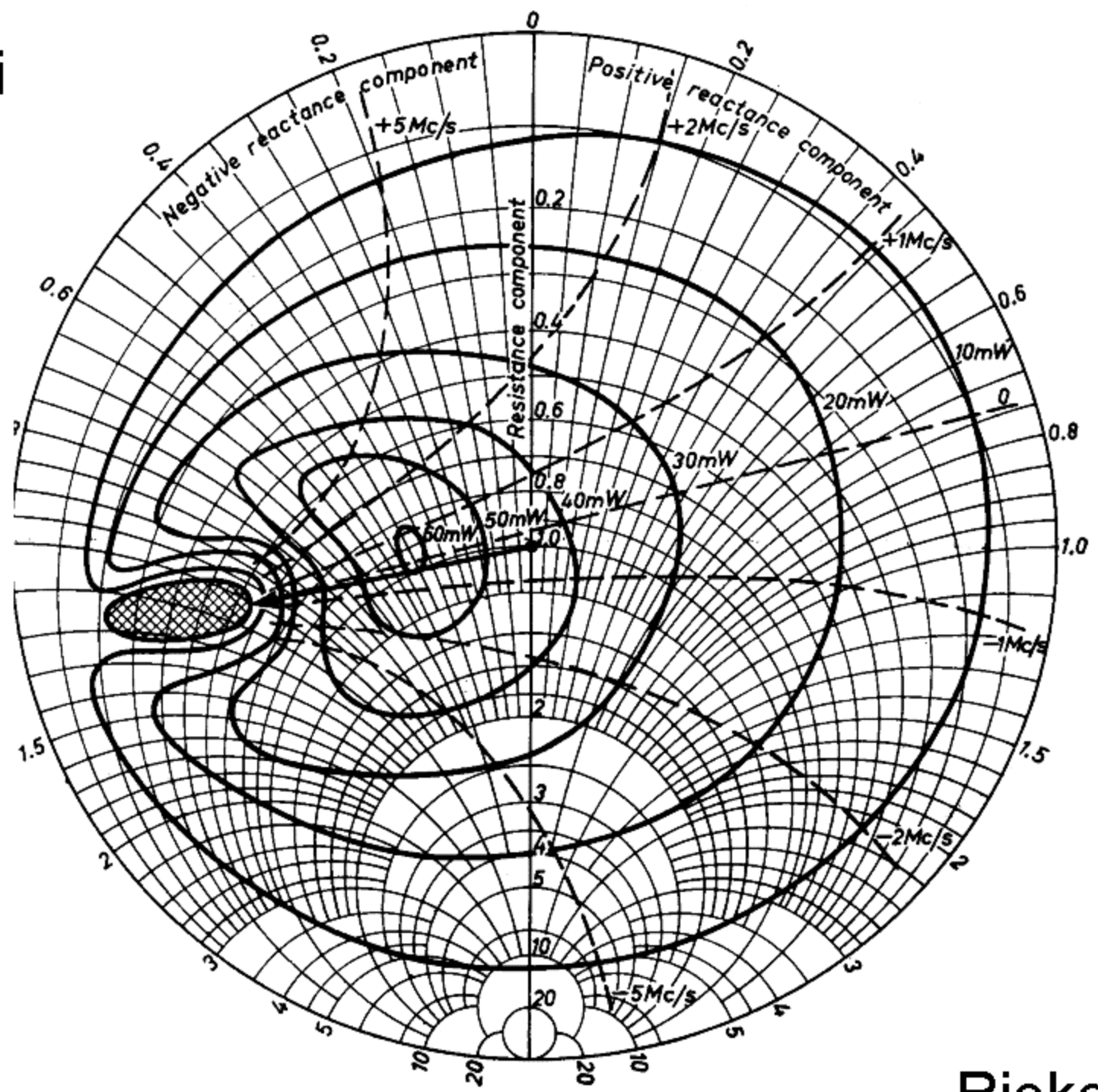
Leeson -ova enačba (David B. Leeson 1966)

$$L(\Delta f)_{\text{dBc}} = 10 \log_{10} \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \left(\frac{f_0}{2Q_L \Delta f}\right)^2\right] \frac{k_B T_0 F}{P_0} \left(1 + \frac{f_c}{\Delta f}\right) \cdot 1\text{Hz} \quad [\text{dBc/Hz}]$$

Fazni šum: $\sigma_f(f_a, f_b) = \sqrt{2 \int_{f_a}^{f_b} L(\Delta f) d\Delta f}$ [rd] Residual PM noise

Frekvenčni šum: $\sigma_f(f_a, f_b) = \sqrt{2 \int_{f_a}^{f_b} \Delta f^2 L(\Delta f) d\Delta f}$ [Hz] Residual FM noise

Refleksni
klistron
2K25



Rieke-jev
diagram

Magnetron
2M214

